

### **Thrussington CE Primary School**

# **History Planning Overview**

In our History lessons, we aim to ensure that both our pupils' substantive and disciplinary knowledge is built upon year on year.

Substantive Knowledge: Knowledge and 'substance' of our curriculum e.g. people, dates, features of something

Disciplinary Knowledge: Skills our children develop about how to interpret the past – how do we know what we know? e.g. changes, continuation, causes, sources.

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Past and Present: Tall about our families and discussing the differences.  • HR.1 know about a discuss past events their own life and in the lives of family members • HR.2 know some for about events or people from the put hat they recall from stories they have read/heard • HR.3 know how to compare and comment on image of familiar situations the past, particular the books they have read/heard • HR.4 know the name of people who are familiar to them and can describe their	some similarities and differences between toys in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.  HR.2 know some facts about events or people from the past that they recall from stories they have read/heard HR.3 know how to compare and comment on images of familiar situations in the past, particularly in the books they have read/heard HR.4 know the names of people who are familiar to them and can describe their role HR.8 know how to ask simple questions, about	Space and superheroes  Past and Present: Neil Armstrong and Tim Peakes  • HR.2 know some facts about events or people from the past that they recall from stories they have read/heard  • HR.6 know about a significant person from the past  • HR.8 know how to ask simple questions, about images/stories from the past  Explorer, astronaut, moon, space flight, orbit, International Space Station, past, present, mission.	Past and Present: Becoming Palaeontologist, Mary Anning. Extinction of dinosaurs.  • HR.2 know some facts about events or people from the past that they recall from stories they have read/heard • HR.6 know about a significant person from the past • HR.8 know how to ask simple questions, about images/stories from the past  Extinct, prehistoric, fossil, rock, volcano, skeleton, footprints, omnivore, herbivore, carnivore, Mary Anning, Palaeontologist, predator.	If you go down to the woods today  Past and Present: Comparing old and new fairy tales.	Food and farming  Past and Present: Investigating farm vehicles and how they have changed.  HR.7 know and discuss past events in the local community  HR.8 know how to ask simple questions, about images/stories from the past  Season, winter, spring, summer, autumn, soil, crops, wheat, combine  harvester, bailer, scarecrow, vegetables, tractor, animals, wheels, hay bale, fields, udder, dairy, milk churn.

	<ul> <li>HR.8 know how to ask simple questions, about images/stories from the past</li> <li>HR.9 know what year we are currently living in</li> <li>HR.11 know the year of their birth</li> <li>HR.12 know words 'older' and 'younger'</li> <li>Family, mummy, daddy, grandma, grandpa, sister, brother, cousin, aunt, uncle, now, then, past, present, same, different.</li> <li>To cover each year:</li> <li>HR.9 know what year we a HR.9 know what year we a</li> </ul>				
VCI	HR.11 know the year of the HR.12 know words 'older' c	ir birth			
KS1 Y1 & 2	Extra Year (2022- 2023)				
KS1 Y1 & 2	Me and My School H1.1 know about changes in living memory (last 100 years) H1.2 know how chronology reveals aspects of change in national life (e.g. transport, communication, food, school life, music, toys and books) • H2.4 know about a significant historical event, person and / or place in their own locality H1.3 know about a significant person from	Autumn, weather and festivals  H2.1 know about an event beyond living memory that is significant nationally or globally and where it sits within a chronological framework  • H2.3 know what the word 'significant' means and why we remember significant people from the past H1.3 know about a significant person from the past and where this would		Seaside and holidays In H1.1 know about changes in years) H1.2 know how chronology national life (e.g. transport, school life, music, toys and be seaside, beach, coast, hard machine, fairground, penny amusement arcades, Punch	reveals aspects of change in communication, food, books)  bour, promenade, bathing / lick, pier, railways,

the past and where this would sit within a chronological framework H1.6 know that memories are not always completely reliable H1.7 know to distinguish between fact and fiction (stories)  • HR.9 know what year we are currently living in H1.10 know and use historical vocabulary to represent the passing of time, (e.g. past, present, year, month, week, earlier, later) H2.9 know and use historical vocabulary to represent the passing of time, (e.g. chronology, decades, centuries and specific years studied, such as 1666)	sit within a chronological framework H1.4 know how the significant person  London, plot, gunpowder, barrels, Guy Fawkes, King James I, Houses of Parliament, cellar, Catholic, Protestant, executed.		
timeline is and how it shows the passing of time  Past, Present, Future, Parent, Grandparent, Sibling, Older, Younger, Generation, Family Tree, Victorian, old and new, then and now, chronological order, past, artefact, similarities and differences  2023-2024 Year A			

## Y1 & 2

#### **Buildings** and homes

H1.1 know about changes in living memory (last 100 years)
H1.2 know how chronology reveals aspects of change in national life (e.g. transport, communication, food, school life, music, toys and books) where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life.

 H1.5 know how to ask questions about simple artefacts (e.g. who, what, why, when, where)

Terraced houses, chimneys, coal, tin bath, range, candles, oil lamps, chamber pot, dolly tub, wash board, mangle, servants, chimney sweep. Kings, Queens and castles.

### The Royal Family today, including the life of Queen Elizabeth II

 H2.3 know what the word 'significant' means and why we remember significant people from the past
 H1.3 know about a significant person from the past and where this would sit within a

 H1.4 know how the significant person contributed to national and international achievements

chronological framework

King, Queen, Reign, Crown, Sovereign, Succession, Family Tree, Sceptre, National Anthem, Monarch, Buckingham Palace, Trooping of the Colour, Parliament, Laws.

#### Fame at last!

## Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole

H2.2 Know how to compare aspects of life in different periods in relation to a significant person from the past and understand where it sits within a chronological framework

 H2.3 know what the word 'significant' means and why we remember significant people from the past
 H1.3 know about a significant person from the past and where this would sit within a chronological framework
 H1.4 know how the significant person contributed to national and international achievements

- H2.6 know how to compare two different versions of the same account
- H2.7 know what sources are.
- H2.8 know how to use primary and secondary sources to find information

Nurses, Hospital, Nursing, Crimean War, Turkey, Soldiers, Wounded, Injured, Florence Nightingale/Lady of the Lamp, Mary Seacole, Jamaica.

	2024-2025 Year B		
KS1	Me and My School	London's Burning	Seaside and disasters
Y1&	H1.1 know about changes in living memory	H2.1 know about an event	at sea
2	(last 100 years) H1.2 know how	beyond living memory	Grace Darling, Titanic
	chronology reveals aspects of change in national life (e.g. transport, communication, food, school life, music, toys and books)  • H2.4 know about a significant historical event, person and / or place in their own locality H1.3 know about a significant person from the past and where this would sit within a chronological framework  • HR.4 know the names of people who are familiar to them and can describe their role H1.6 know that memories	that is significant nationally or globally and where it sits within a chronological framework (e.g. Great Fire of London, the Titanic, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries)  H2.2 Know how to compare aspects of life in different periods in relation to a significant person from the past and understand where it sits within a chronological framework  • H1.5 know how to ask questions about simple	H2.1 know about an event beyond living memory that is significant nationally or globally and where it sits within a chronological framework (e.g. Great Fire of London, the Titanic, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries)  H1.3 know about a significant person from the past and where this would sit within a chronological framework H2.3 know what the word 'significant' means and why we remember significant people from the
	are not always completely reliable H1.7 know to distinguish between fact and fiction (stories)	artefacts (e.g. who, what, why, when, where) H2.5 know how to ask a range of questions about	past H1.4 know how the significant person contributed to national and international achievements
	Past, Present, Future, Old, New, Parent, Grandparent, Sibling, Older, Younger, Generation, Family Tree	<ul> <li>artefacts and sources from the past</li> <li>H2.6 know how to compare two different various of the same</li> </ul>	H1.7 know to distinguish between fact and fiction (stories).
		versions of the same account (Samuel Pepys) H2.7 know what sources are.	Maiden Voyage, Transatlantic, Passenger, Iceberg, Survivor.
		H2.8 know how to use primary and secondary sources to find information	Lighthouse, Coast, Rescue, Heroine, Bamburgh, Shipwreck. climate, continent, glacier, ice

	H1.7 know to distinguish between fact and fiction (stories.)	sheet, polar region, weather.
	Thomas Farrinor, baker, Pudding Lane, 1666, smoke, fire, flames, escape, Samuel Pepys, burning, wooden buildings, thatched roof, Lord Mayor, River Thames, water squirts, fire hooks, diary, destroyed.	

#### To cover each year:

HR.9 know what year we are currently living in

HR. 10 know the days of the week

HR.11 know the year of their birth

HR.12 know words 'older' and 'younger'

H1.8 know the months of the year

H1.9 know the month and year of their birth

H1.10 know and use historical vocabulary to represent the passing of time, (e.g. past, present, year, month, week, earlier, later)

H2.9 know and use historical vocabulary to represent the passing of time, (e.g. chronology, decades, centuries and specific years studied, such as 1666)

H2.10 know their full date of birth.

H2.11 know what a timeline is and how it shows the passing of time

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
2020-2021 Year A					

Clas 2

Yr 3 and 4

### **Ancient Egypt**

- H4.5 know an overview of when and where the first civilisations appeared including their achievements: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China
- H4.6 know in depth about Ancient Egypt.
- H3.5 know how to learn more about a historical period through asking relevant questions
- H3.9 know what B.C. means and that it can also be referred to as B.C.E.
- H3.10 know how to plot events on a timeline accurately using B.C. / B.C.E.
- H4.7 know how to ask questions about artefacts / sources of information to question the validity and reliability of these

Pharaoh, Scarab, Papyrus, Amulet, Canopic jar, Sarcophagus, Tomb, Afterlife, Hieroglyphics, Mummification, Irrigation, Shaduf, Sphinx, Pyramid, Barter, Rosetta Stone, Tutankhamun, Howard Hunter, Cleopatra VII.

### The Stone Age

H3.8 know how Britain changed between the beginning of the stone age and the iron age H3.1 know what is meant by Neolithic 'hunter-gatherers' and early farmers (e.g. Skara Brae)

H3.2 know the main differences between the stone age, bronze age (religion, technology and travel) and iron age (hill forts, tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture)

H3.5 know how to learn more about a historical period through asking relevant questions

Beaker, Celt, Bronze, Roundhouse, Hillfort.

Quern, Smelting, Druid, Borer, Domesticate, Prehistory, Huntergatherer, Nomad, Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, Tribe, Torc, Neanderthal, Homo sapiens, Pelt.

Link to Local History – visit Bradgate

Park

(https://www.bradgatepark.org/for-

schools)

Or

Cresswell Craqs Museum and

Prehistoric Gorge (Nottinghamshire)

### The Bronze Age and Celtic Culture -Changes in Britain from Stone Age to the Iron Age.

H3.2 know the main differences between the stone age, bronze age (religion, technology and travel) and iron age (hill forts, tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture)

H3.5 know how to learn more about a historical period through asking relevant questions

Beaker, Celt, Bronze, Iron, Roundhouse, Hillfort

Quern, Smelting, Smithing, Armour and shields, Druid, Borer, Domesticate, Prehistory, Hunter-gatherer, Nomad, Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, Tribe, Neanderthal, Homo sapiens, Pelt, Alloy, Druids.

Link to Local History – Visit Warner Woods which is believed to be the site of an Iron Age settlement.

	2021-2022 Year B		
Class 2 Yr 3 and 4	2021-2022 Year B  The Tudors  Bosworth Battlefield  H4.17 know the duration of different civilisations	The Roman Empire, its invasions of Britain and impact on Britain.  • H4.10 know what A.D. means and that it can also be referred to as C.E.  • H4.11 know how to plot events on	(Road Trip USA – Christopher Columbus Native American Life – <b>Links to history</b> . Significant aspects of the history of the wider world, a non-European society that provides contrasts with British history. Explain how significant historical figures contribute to national and international achievements – Andy Warhol and Georgia O'Keeffe.
	of different civilisations and represent this on a timeline  H3.12 know and use historical vocabulary to represent the passing of time, such as 'period', 'era' and 'millennium'  H6.2 know about an aspect or theme in British history which extends beyond 1066 and explain why this was important in relation to British history (e.g., the changing power of monarchs, changes in an aspect of social history and a significant turning point in British history such as the Battle of Britain)  H3.5 know how to learn more about a historical period through asking relevant questions  • H4.8 know how to learn more about a historical period through comparing both primary and secondary sources of information considering the positives and negatives presented	a timeline accurately using A.D. / C.E. and B.C / B.C.E  H4.12 know how Britain changed from the Iron Age to the end of the Roman occupation  H4.15 know and chart some of the key periods within ancient civilisations and note the differences between them  H4.16 know and make links between two overlapping periods of history, such as between The Egyptians and The Romans  H4.17 know the duration of different civilisations and represent this on a timeline  H4.1 know the iron age ended with Roman invasion by AD 42 and the power of its army.  H4.2 know when and how the Romans invaded (e.g. Claudius and the conquest, including Hadrian's Wall)  H4.13 know the key events in Boudicca's life leading up to her rebellion and death and track these on a timeline.  H4.14 know the key events within Roman history and society up to the fall of the Roman Empire and track these on a timeline.  H4.3 know how there was British resistance to the Roman occupation (e.g. Boudica)  H4.4 know how the Roman Empire impacted British society (e.g. advancement of technology, impact on culture and beliefs	H3.5 know how to learn more about a historical period through asking relevant questions)  Christopher Columbus, navigator, explorer, trade, spices, voyage, John Smith, Indigenous people, Native American Indians, nomadic hunters and gatherers, dream catcher, totem pole, Andy Warhol, pop art.
	1	including early Christianity)	

H4.9 know how to begin	H3.5 know how to learn more
evaluating the	about a historical period through
usefulness of different	asking relevant questions
	H3.6 know how to compare a
sources of information	range of primary and secondary
	sources and discuss validity and
	reliability
Mor of the Deepe Herre	• H3.7 know how to compare
War of the Roses, House	information found in primary and
of Lancaster, House of	secondary sources of information
York, heir, monarch, reign,	(including the internet)
throne, Catholic, Church	H4.7 know how to ask questions
of England, reformation,	about artefacts / sources of
Pope, divorce, execution,	information to question the validity
treason, beheading	and reliability of these
	•
	Link to Local History – Jewry Wall
	Museum, Leicester and Bosworth
	Battlefield.
	AD/CE, BC/BCE, Aqueduct,
	Boudicca, Chariot, Emperor
	Claudius, Empire, Invasion, Celts,
	Julius Caesar, Legacy, Mosaic,
	Pompeii, Republic, Roman
	Numerals, Invasion, Mosaic,
	Chariot, Legion.
2022-2023 Year B	

3

Yr 5 and 6

#### Mayans

H4.17 know the duration of different civilisations and represent this on a timeline

- H6.3 know about a non-European society: the Mayan civilization c. AD 900; the early Islamic civilization, including a study of Baahdad c. AD 900; or the Benin (West Africa) c. AD 900-1300
- H6.4 know how that society provides contrast with British history
- H6.6 know how to devise and ask auestions about the past, suggesting where answers might be found, considering a range of sources
- H5.8 know how check the accuracy of historical interpretations, stating which sources of evidence are more reliable and why
- H5.9 know how to use a range of sources to make the most accurate interpretation of a historical period

Ahau, Dynasty, Maize, cacao, Codex, Hieroalyphics, Stela, Scribe, Haab, Jade, Sacrifice, City-states, Terraced, Pyramid, Peasant, Bloodletting, Cenote, Huipil, Popol Vuh, Tzolk'in.

#### Women at War

H6.9 know how to

timeline the changes in

British history beyond 1066 H<sub>6</sub>.10 know and represent the changing state of Britain beyond 1066 H6.1 know how to place historical events and people from the past societies and periods in a chronological framework H6.2 know about an aspect or theme in British history which extends beyond 1066 and explain why this was important in relation to British history (e.g. the changing power of monarchs. changes in an aspect of social history and a significant turning point in British history such as the Battle of Britain)

- H5.7 know how to ask and answer questions about the past, considering aspects of change, cause, significance, similarity and difference
- H5.8 know how check the accuracy of historical interpretations, stating which sources of evidence are more reliable and why
- H5.9 know how to use a range of sources to make the most

**Local History** - carry out a study of our local area using secondary sources: the census. school loa-books, church or graveyard records Interview a local resident.

H4.8 know how to learn more about a historical period through comparing both primary and secondary sources of information considering the positives and negatives presented

- period of history that has strong connections to their locality and understand the issues associated with the period (e.g. an aspect of history or a site that is significant in the locality or tracing how several aspects of national history are
- H5.8 know how check the accuracy of historical interpretations, stating which sources of

(Extraordinary Evolution – **Links to history** - Learn about the theory of Charles Darwin)

(Fun at the fair, visit to Whitby – **Links to history** - Learn about Whitby's claims to fame – Whitby Abbey, Captain Cooke, The Whaling and fishing industry)

H6.11 know how to produce a timeline of the history within the local area over a period of 100 years • H6.5 know about a reflected in the locality

			T	Ι	T	
		accurate		evidence are more		
		interpretation of a		reliable and why		
		historical period		<ul> <li>H5.9 know how to use</li> </ul>		
				a range of sources to		
		Allies, Axis, Nazi party,		make the most		
		annex, propaganda,		accurate		
		Winston Churchill, Adolf		interpretation of a		
		Hitler, conscription,		· ·		
		occupation, evacuees,		historical period		
		equality, inequality.		H5.7 know how to ask		
				and answer questions		
				about the past,		
				considering aspects of		
				change, cause,		
				significance, similarity		
				and difference		
				33. 33.		
				Chronology, Church of		
				England, primary and		
				secondary sources, First		
				World War, German		
				occupation, Belgium,		
				Reverend Gahan, Edith		
				Cavell, trial, treason,		
				execution, John Fernly.		
				CACCOHOLI, SOLILLI CITILY.		
	0000 000 4 1/4					
	2023-2024 Year A					
Class	Ancient Greece	Space Race	Anglo Saxons		Viking raids and	
3					invasions.	
	• H.5.13 know that	H6.7 know how to offer	Britain's settlement by Anglo-			
Yr 5	aspects of the past	some reasons for	Saxons and Scots.		Viking and Anglo-	
and	influence the western	different versions of				
	world today (e.g.	events explaining	H5.1 know about the Roman		Saxon struggle for	
6	Olympics, democracy	which is most	withdrawal from Britain in c. AD 410		the Kingdom of	
	etc.) H4.17 know the duration	accurate and why H6.8 know how to link	and the fall of the western Roman		England to the time	
	of different civilisations	sources and evaluate	Empire		of Edward the	
	and represent this on a	how conclusions have	H5.2 Know about the Scots		Confessor.	
	timeline	been made	invasions from Ireland to north		Coniessor.	
		Deenmade	Britain (now Scotland)			

- H3.3 know some of the main characteristics of Greek life (e.g. culture and mythology in Sparta and Athens)
- H3.4 know about the achievements and therefore influence on western world (e.g. education, language, architecture, government and the Olympic games)
- H6.6 know how to devise and ask questions about the past, suggesting where answers might be found, considering a range of sources
- H5.7 know how to ask and answer questions about the past, considering aspects of change, cause, significance, similarity and difference
- H5.8 know how check the accuracy of historical interpretations, stating which sources of evidence are more reliable and why
  - H5.9 know how to use a range of sources to make the most accurate interpretation of a historical period

Democracy, Acropolis, City-state, Parthenon, Marathon, Olympics, Citizen, Philosopher, Alphabet, Tragedy, Agora, Hellenistic, Phalanx, Aristocrat, Mythology, Column,

- H2.2 know how to compare aspects of life in different periods in relation to a significant person from the past and understand where it sits within a chronological framework
- H2.3 know what the word 'significant' means and why we remember significant people from the past

Exploration, pioneer, Soviet, NASA, Apollo 11, communism, democracy, rivalry, satellite, space flight, space shuttle, space station, Sputnik, orbit, gravity.  H5.12 know some of the key conflicts between the Vikings and the Anglo-Saxons and place these on a timeline

H4.17 know the duration of different civilisations and represent this on a timeline

- H5.3 Know about Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and kingdoms: place names and village life
- H5.4 know the impact of the Anglo-Saxon settlers (e.g. art, culture, beliefs including Christian conversion: Canterbury, Iona and Lindisfarne; attempts to bring about law and order into the country)
- H5.5 know about Viking raids, invasions and further invasions (including Danegeld)
   H5.6 know that the Vikings and Anglo-Saxons engaged in a struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor (e.g. the resistance by Alfred the Great and Athelstan
- H5.7 know how to ask and answer questions about the past, considering aspects of change, cause, significance, similarity and difference
- H5.8 know how check the accuracy of historical interpretations, stating which sources of evidence are more reliable and why
- H5.9 know how to use a range of sources to make the most accurate interpretation of a historical period

Angles, Saxons, Jutes, Mead, Rune, Wattle-and-daub, Thatch, Farmerwarrior, Sutton Hoo, Lindisfarne, H4.17 know the duration of different civilisations and represent this on a timeline

- H5.10 know how to timeline the changes in British history between the end of The Roman occupation of Britain and 1066
- H5.11 know and represent the changing state of Britain throughout the years leading up to 1066
- H5.12 know some of the key conflicts between the Vikings and the Anglo-Saxons and place these on a timeline
- H5.7 know how to ask and answer questions about the past, considering aspects of change, cause, significance, similarity and difference
- H5.8 know how check the accuracy of historical interpretations, stating which sources of evidence are more reliable and why
  - H5.9 know how to use a range of sources to make the most accurate interpretation of a historical period

Invaders, territory, settlers, hoard, raid, Longboat, Longhouse,

Hoplite, Peninsula, Oracle,	Hengest and Horsa, Monk,	Chieftain, Berserker,
Terraced	Illumination, Manuscript, Weregeld, Athelstan, Christianity	Danegeld, Thing, Feast, Trade, Yggdrasil, Runes, Farmer-warrior, Pagan,
	Augustine, Alfred the Great, Aethelred the Unready	Danelaw, Asgard, Jarl, Karl, Figurehead, Chainmail, Valhalla.